

# Energy Independence

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# Profile of the Global Energy Market

## Leading Energy Producers and Consumers, 2010

### Top Coal Producers Thousand Short Tons/Year

|      |               |           |
|------|---------------|-----------|
| # 1  | China         | 3,991,050 |
| # 2  | United States | 1,016,399 |
| # 3  | India         | 693,592   |
| # 4  | Australia     | 475,872   |
| # 5  | Indonesia     | 452,132   |
| # 6  | Russia        | 387,121   |
| # 7  | South Africa  | 287,650   |
| # 8  | Germany       | 216,375   |
| # 9  | Poland        | 158,428   |
| # 10 | Kazakhstan    | 134,008   |

### Top Coal Consumers Thousand Short Tons/Year

|      |               |           |
|------|---------------|-----------|
| # 1  | China         | 3,976,117 |
| # 2  | United States | 890,483   |
| # 3  | India         | 801,030   |
| # 4  | Russia        | 275,686   |
| # 5  | Germany       | 262,564   |
| # 6  | Japan         | 203,846   |
| # 7  | South Africa  | 202,410   |
| # 8  | Poland        | 144,114   |
| # 9  | Australia     | 124,740   |
| # 10 | South Korea   | 136,482   |

### Top Oil Producers Thousand Barrels/Day

|      |               |        |
|------|---------------|--------|
| # 1  | Saudi Arabia  | 11,726 |
| # 2  | United States | 11,105 |
| # 3  | Russia        | 10,397 |
| # 4  | China         | 4,372  |
| # 5  | Canada        | 3,856  |
| # 6  | Iran          | 3,589  |
| # 7  | UAE           | 3,213  |
| # 8  | Iraq          | 2,987  |
| # 9  | Mexico        | 2,936  |
| # 10 | Brazil        | 2,652  |

### Top Oil Consumers Thousand Barrels/Day

|      |               |        |
|------|---------------|--------|
| # 1  | United States | 18,490 |
| # 2  | China         | 10,277 |
| # 3  | Japan         | 4,726  |
| # 4  | India         | 3,622  |
| # 5  | Russia        | 3,196  |
| # 6  | Saudi Arabia  | 2,861  |
| # 7  | Brazil        | 2,807  |
| # 8  | Germany       | 2,388  |
| # 9  | South Korea   | 2,301  |
| # 10 | Canada        | 2,280  |

### Top Natural Gas Producers Billion Cubic Feet/Year

|      |               |        |
|------|---------------|--------|
| # 1  | United States | 25,308 |
| # 2  | Russia        | 21,685 |
| # 3  | Iran          | 5,649  |
| # 4  | Canada        | 5,070  |
| # 5  | Norway        | 4,155  |
| # 6  | China         | 3,811  |
| # 7  | Qatar         | 5,523  |
| # 8  | Saudi Arabia  | 3,585  |
| # 9  | Netherlands   | 2,840  |
| # 10 | Indonesia     | 2,559  |

### Top Natural Gas Consumers Billion Cubic Feet/Year

|      |                |        |
|------|----------------|--------|
| # 1  | United States  | 25,533 |
| # 2  | Russia         | 15,437 |
| # 3  | China          | 5,181  |
| # 4  | Japan          | 4,617  |
| # 5  | Saudi Arabia   | 3,585  |
| # 6  | Germany        | 3,080  |
| # 7  | Canada         | 3,057  |
| # 8  | Italy          | 2,646  |
| # 9  | United Kingdom | 2,641  |
| # 10 | UAE            | 2,235  |

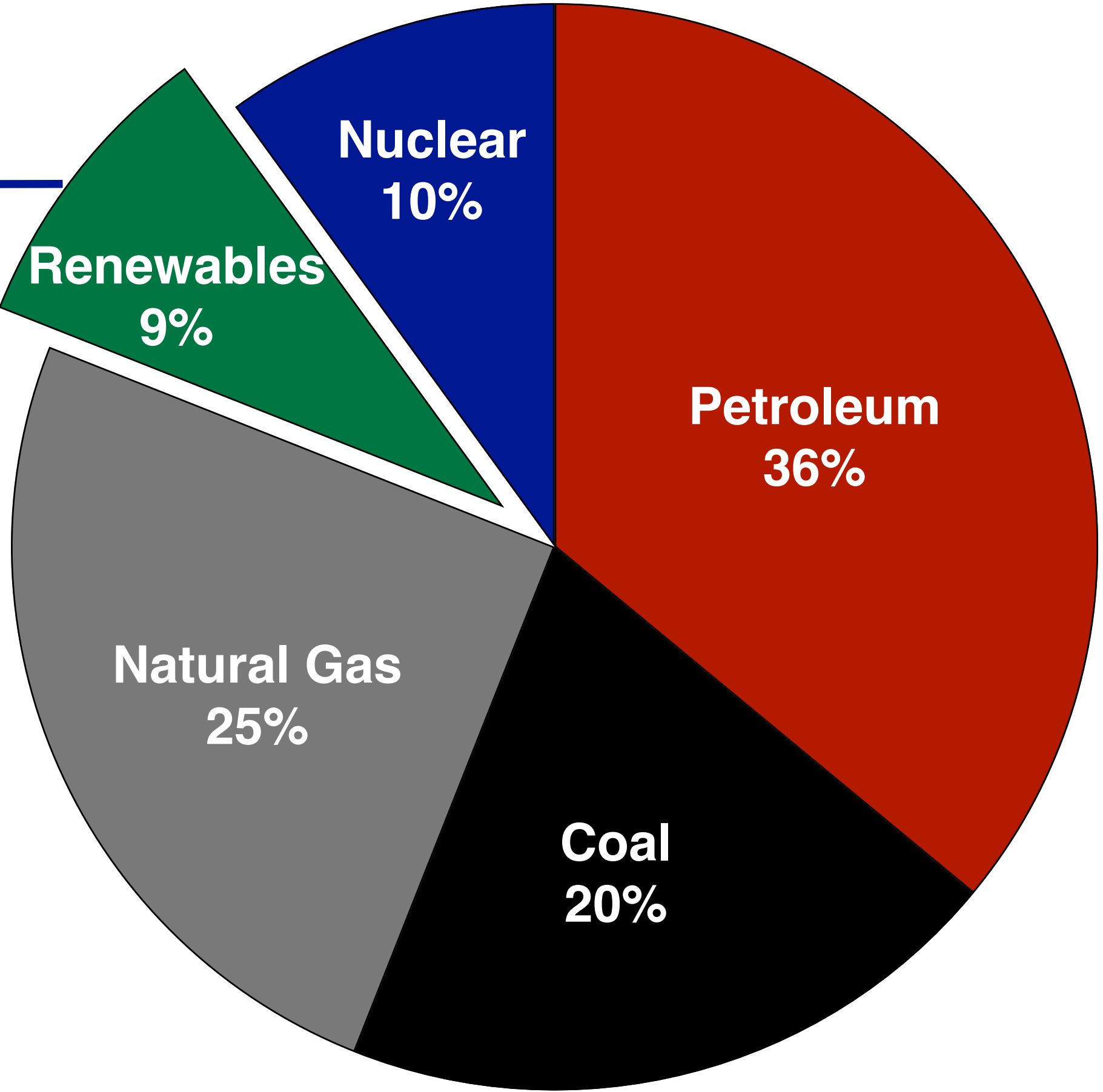
Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

# Energy Mix of the United States

## U.S. Energy Consumption by Source, 2011

**Composition of Renewables**

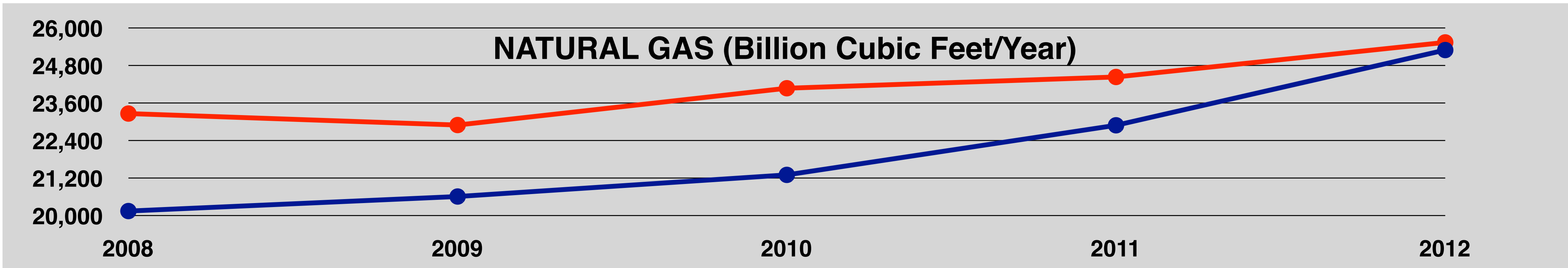
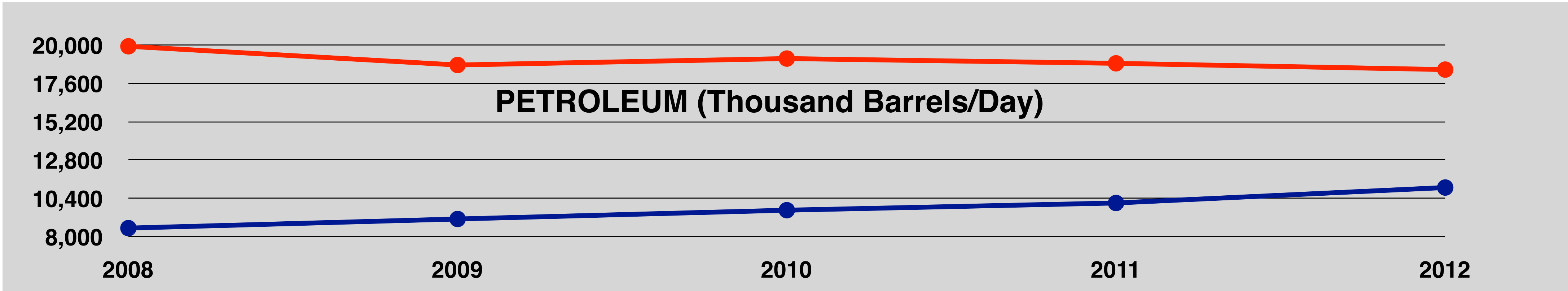
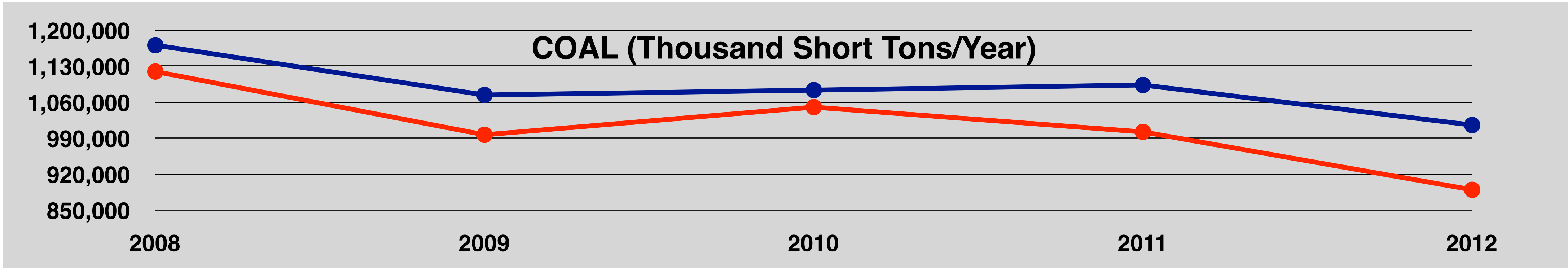
|              |     |
|--------------|-----|
| • Biomass    | 48% |
| • Hydropower | 35% |
| • Wind       | 14% |
| • Geothermal | 2%  |
| • Solar      | 1%  |



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

# Hydrocarbons in the United States

## Production and Consumption in the U.S., 2008-12



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

# Oil Reserves in the United States

## Proved Oil Reserves, Top Ten States

**#7 Wyoming**  
**583 Million Barrels**

**#10 Montana**  
**343 Million Barrels**

**#4 North Dakota**  
**1,046 Million Barrels**

**#8 Utah**  
**398 Million Barrels**

**#3 California**  
**2,835 Million Barrels**

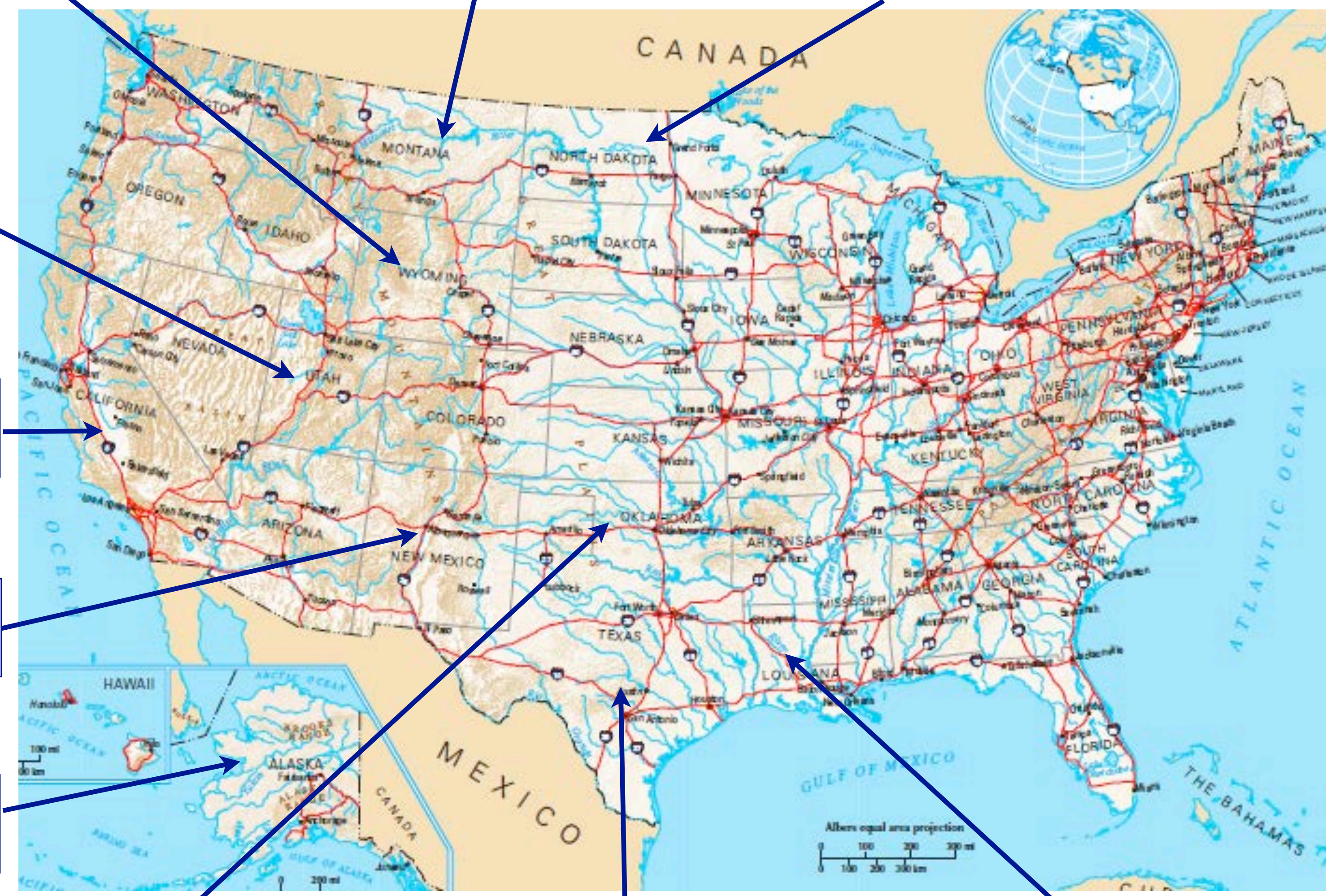
**#5 New Mexico**  
**700 Million Barrels**

**#2 Alaska**  
**3,566 Million Barrels**

**#6 Oklahoma**  
**622 Million Barrels**

**#1 Texas**  
**5,006 Million Barrels**

**#9 Louisiana**  
**370 Million Barrels**



# Energy Boom in the United States

## Drivers of U.S. Energy Boom Advances in Recovery Technologies

- Seismic Analysis
- Horizontal Drilling
- Hydraulic Fracturing

## Repercussions of U.S. Energy Boom

- Falling Natural Gas Prices
  - Decreased Energy Import Dependency
  - Increased Competitiveness of Energy-Intensive Manufacturers
- 
- Diminished Commercial Attractiveness of Renewables
  - Potential Environmental Fallout of Hydrocarbon Extraction

## Domestic Oil Production Million Barrels/Day

| <u>2008</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2020 (est)</u> |
|-------------|-------------|-------------------|
| 5.0         | 5.7         | 6.7               |

## Domestic Natural Gas Production Trillion Cubic Feet, Annual

| <u>2006</u> | <u>2011</u> | Technically Recoverable<br>Reserves: 2,543 tcf |
|-------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------|
| 23.5        | 28.6        |                                                |

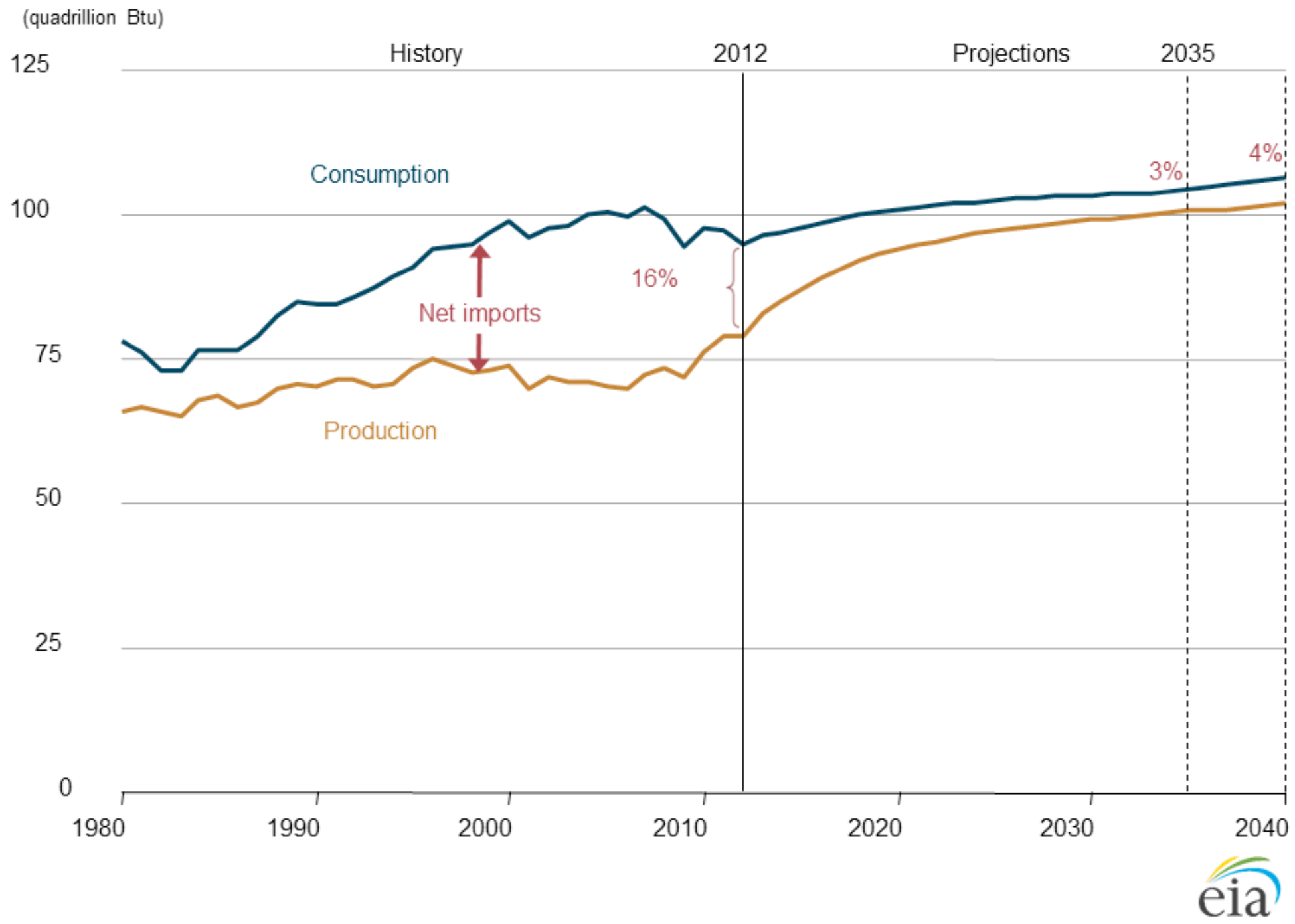
## Domestic Energy Production Share of Total Energy Consumption from Domestic Sources

| <u>2005</u> | <u>2011</u> |
|-------------|-------------|
| 71 %        | 81 %        |

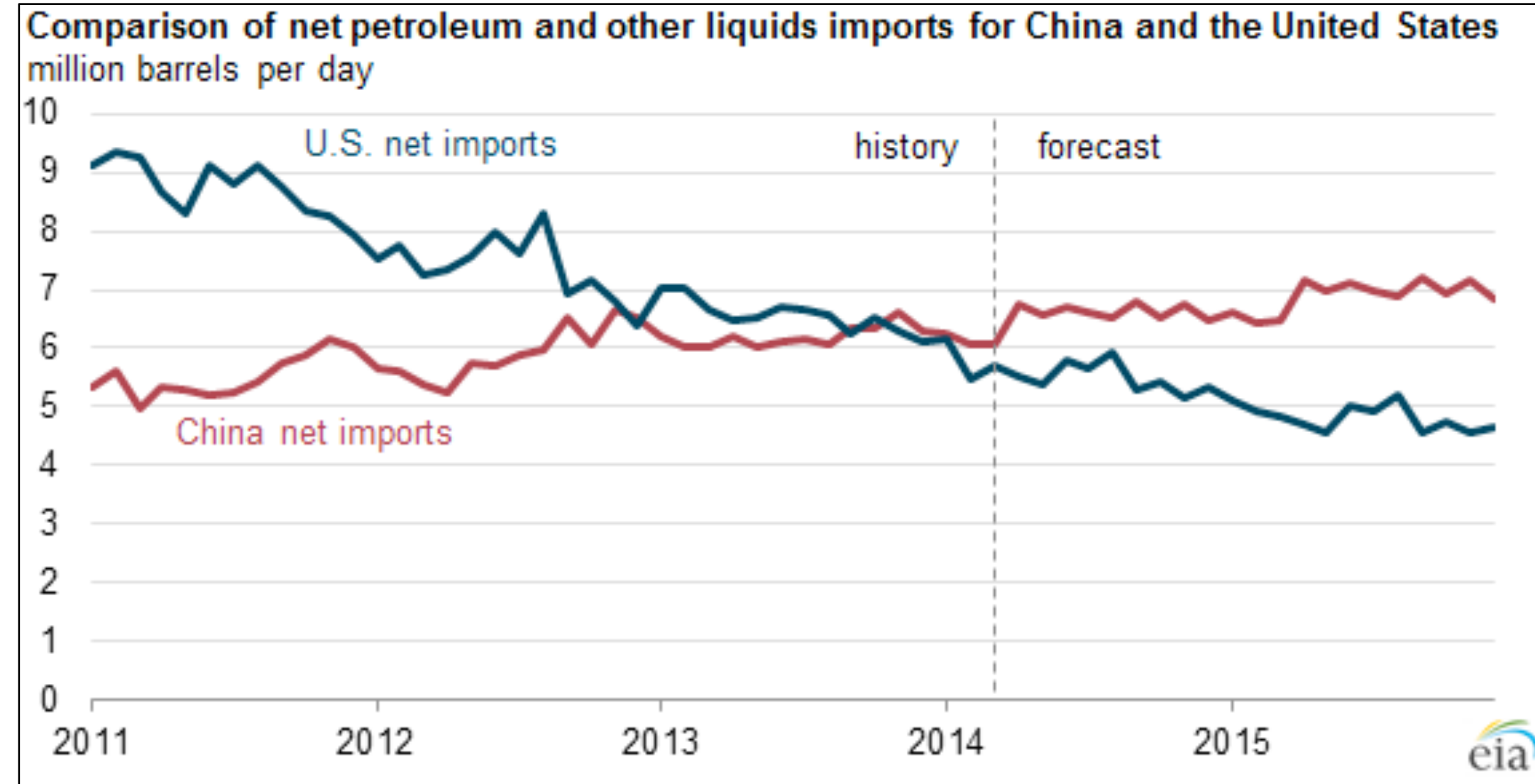
## Energy Imports Imports as Share of Domestic Liquid Fuel Consumption

| <u>2005</u> | <u>2011</u> |
|-------------|-------------|
| 60 %        | 45 %        |

Figure 10. Total energy production and consumption, 1980-2040

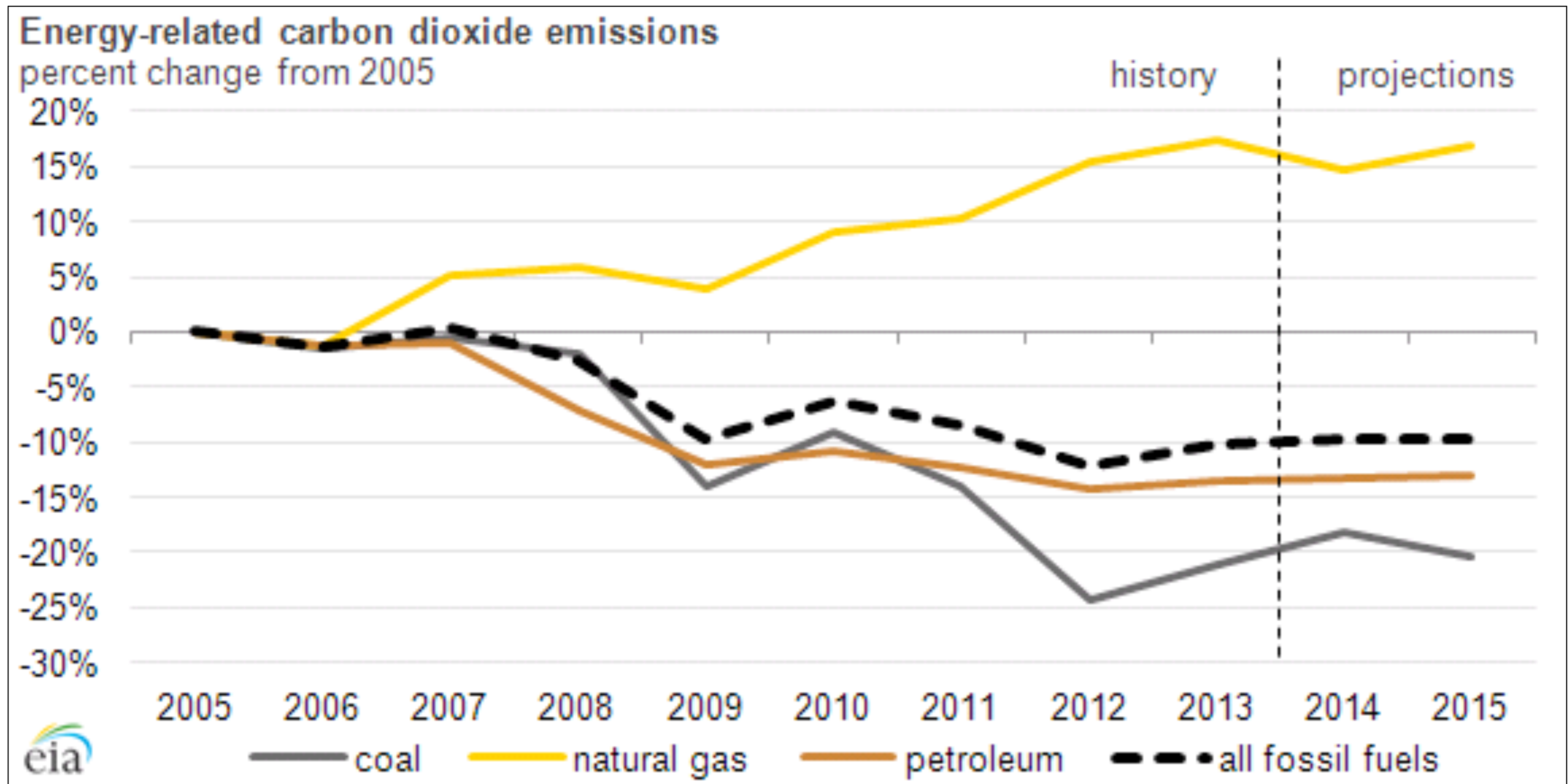


## Energy Imports of the United States



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

# Green House Gas Emissions of the United States

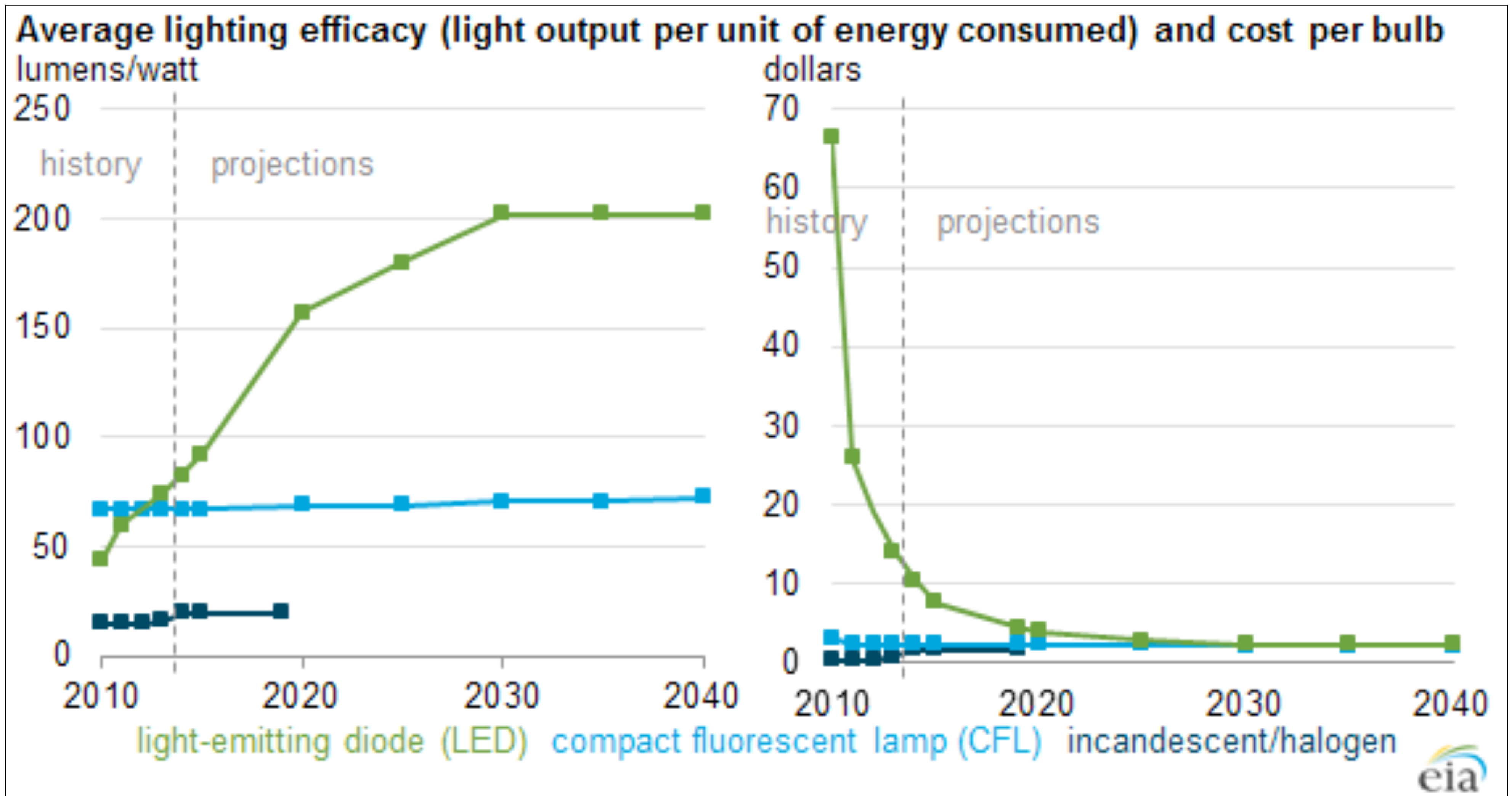


Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration



# Energy Conservation in the United States

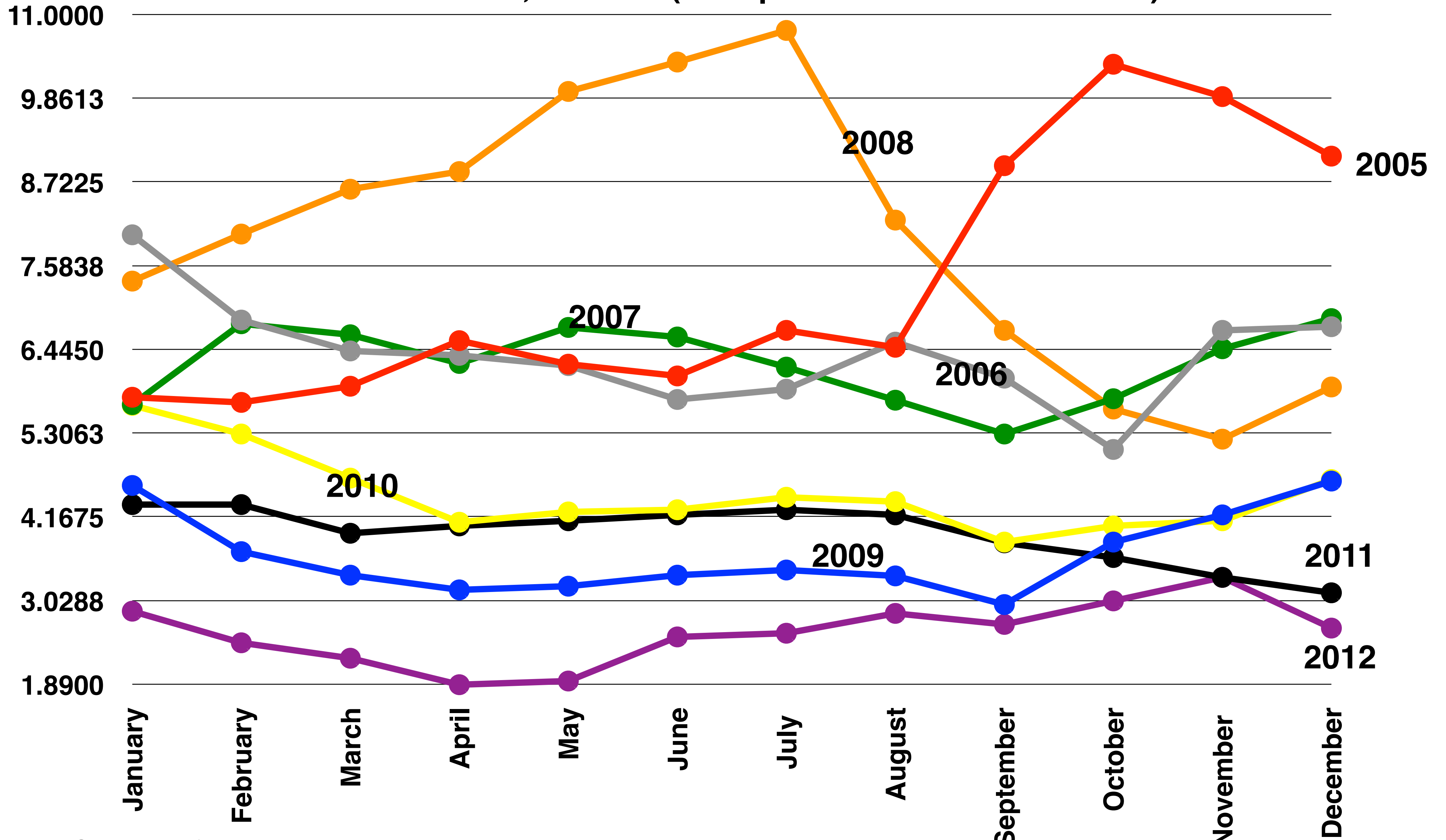
## Efficacy and Cost of High-Efficiency Light Bulbs



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

# Trends in U.S. Natural Gas Prices

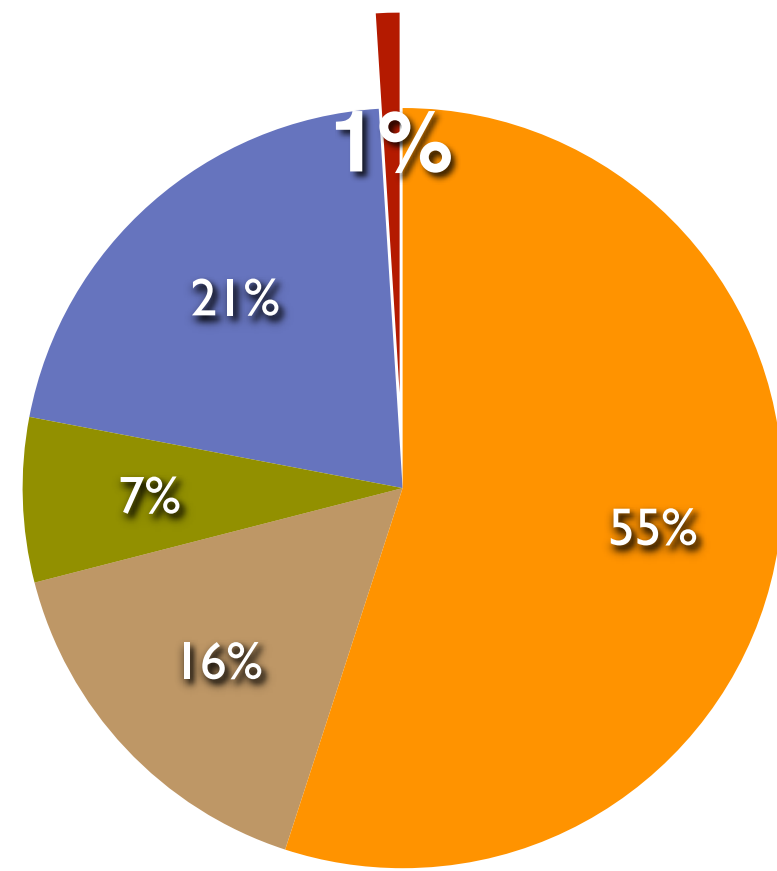
## Wellhead Prices, 2005-12 (USD per Thousand Cubic Feet)



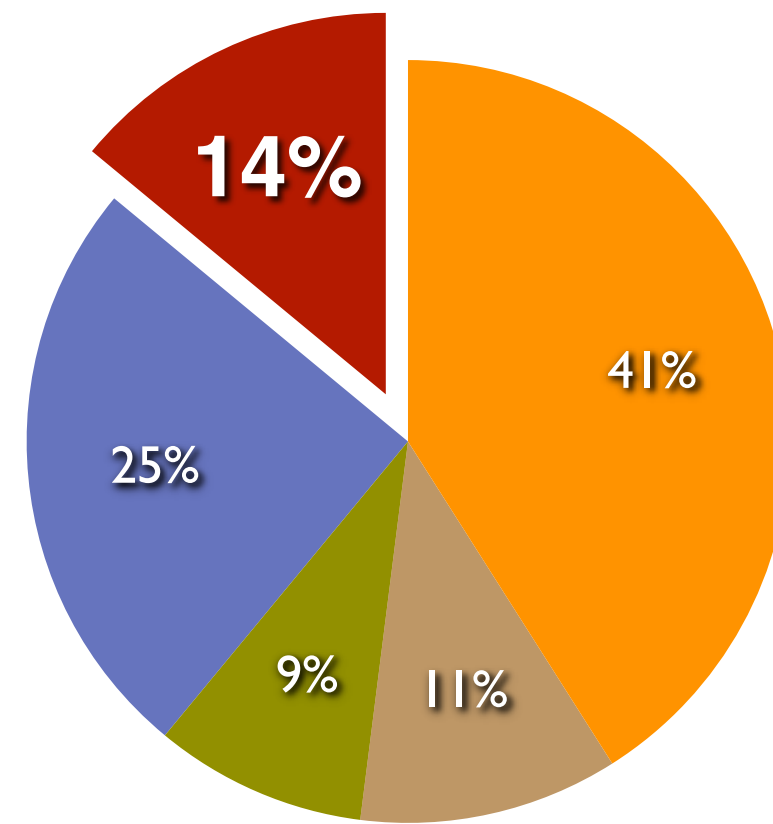
Source: U.S. Energy Information Agency

# The Shale Gas Revolution

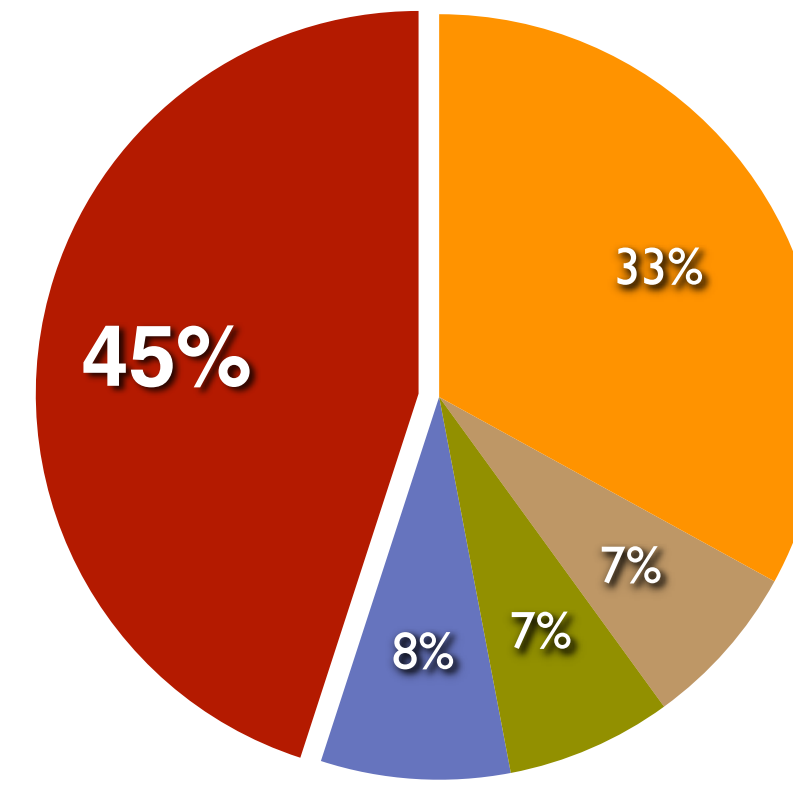
## Natural Gas Production in the U.S.



2000



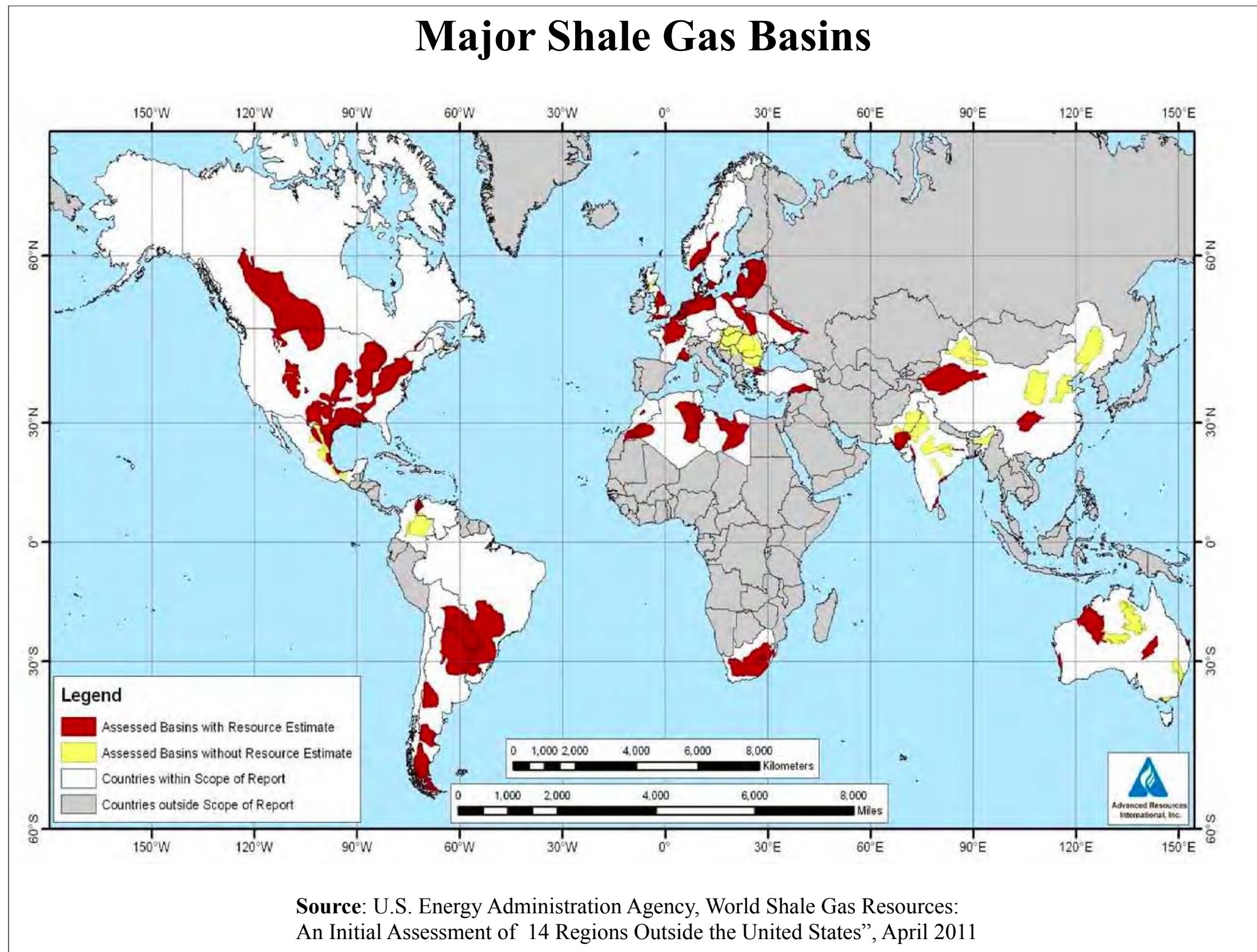
2009



2035 (est)

- Conventional Gas
- Associated Gas
- Coal Bed Methane
- Tight Sands
- Shale Gas

## Major Shale Gas Basins



# The Crisis in Ukraine: Implications for Global Energy



- Impact on U.S.-Russian relations
- Impact on EU-Russian relations
- Options available to U.S./EU
- Role of energy in Ukrainian crisis



# The Russian Federation and Energy Dependence

## EU Energy Imports from Russia, Selected Countries (Percent of National Energy Imports)



|                       |     |
|-----------------------|-----|
| <b>Ireland</b>        | 1%  |
| <b>Austria</b>        | 9%  |
| <b>Denmark</b>        | 10% |
| <b>Portugal</b>       | 10% |
| <b>United Kingdom</b> | 13% |
| <b>Spain</b>          | 14% |
| <b>France</b>         | 17% |
| <b>Slovenia</b>       | 24% |
| <b>Italy</b>          | 28% |
| <b>Belgium</b>        | 30% |
| <b>Germany</b>        | 30% |
| <b>Croatia</b>        | 34% |
| <b>Netherlands</b>    | 34% |

|                       |     |
|-----------------------|-----|
| <b>Greece</b>         | 40% |
| <b>Sweden</b>         | 46% |
| <b>Romania</b>        | 47% |
| <b>Estonia</b>        | 69% |
| <b>Latvia</b>         | 72% |
| <b>Czech Republic</b> | 73% |
| <b>Finland</b>        | 76% |
| <b>Hungary</b>        | 86% |
| <b>Bulgaria</b>       | 90% |
| <b>Poland</b>         | 91% |
| <b>Lithuania</b>      | 92% |
| <b>Slovakia</b>       | 98% |

# Liquefied Natural Gas

## Prospects for LNG Exports from United States to European Union

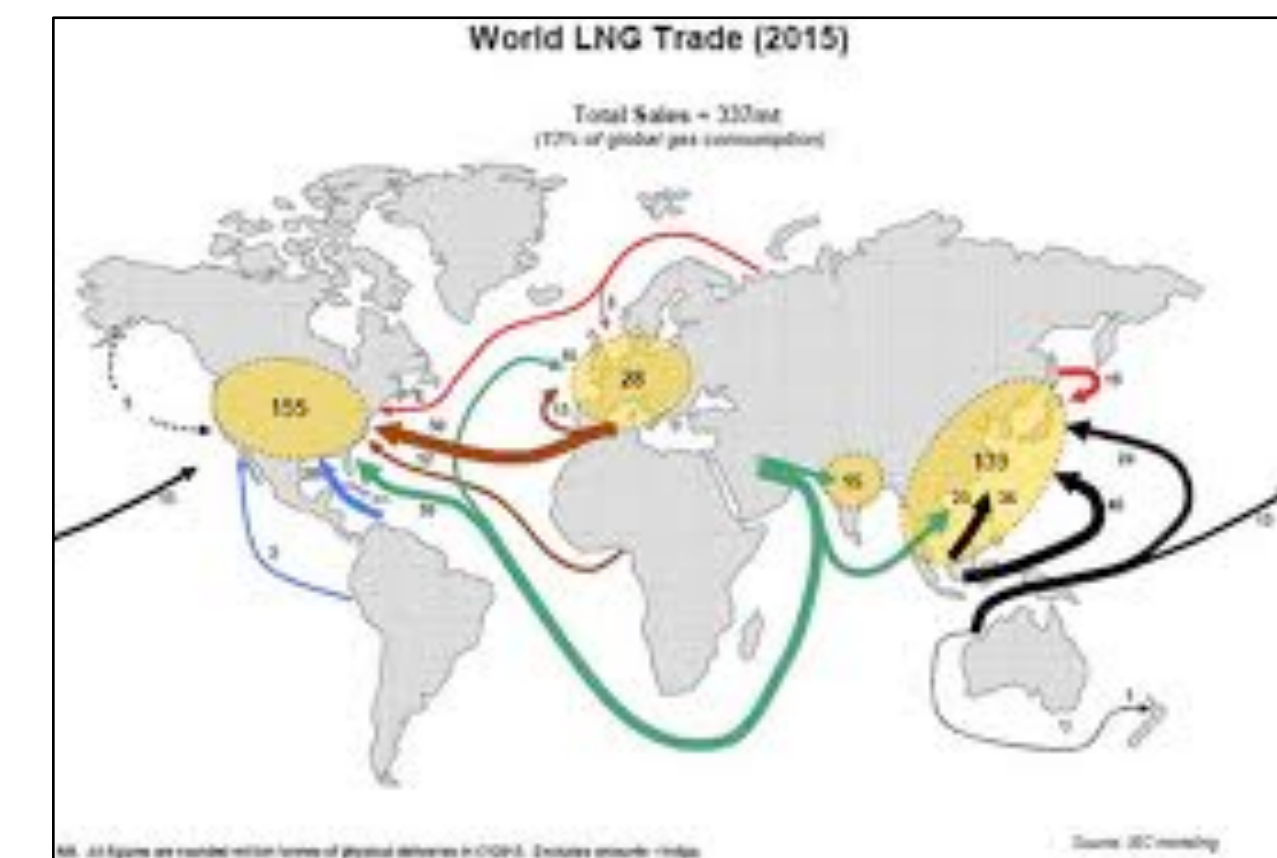
Figure 78: Liquefaction Plants Investment Cost by Region (\$Millions/MMTPA Capacity)

|                | \$Millions/MMTPA | Capital Cost (\$/Mcf produced) |
|----------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Africa         | \$1,031          | \$3.05                         |
| Canada         | \$1,145          | \$3.39                         |
| C & S America  | \$802            | \$2.37                         |
| Europe         | \$802            | \$2.37                         |
| FSU            | \$802            | \$2.37                         |
| Middle East    | \$859            | \$2.54                         |
| Oceania        | \$1,317          | \$3.90                         |
| Sakhalin       | \$802            | \$2.37                         |
| Southeast Asia | \$1,145          | \$3.39                         |
| <b>U.S.</b>    | <b>\$544</b>     | <b>\$1.61</b>                  |



Figure 79: Liquefaction Costs by Region (2012\$/Mcf)

|                | 2018          | 2023          | 2028          | 2033          | 2038          |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Africa         | \$3.46        | \$3.47        | \$3.50        | \$3.52        | \$3.54        |
| Canada         | \$3.92        | \$3.98        | \$4.03        | \$4.08        | \$4.23        |
| C & S America  | \$2.79        | \$2.81        | \$2.84        | \$2.86        | \$2.89        |
| Europe         | \$3.65        | \$3.67        | \$3.68        | \$3.68        | \$3.77        |
| FSU            | \$3.03        | \$3.08        | \$3.13        | \$3.18        | \$3.25        |
| Middle East    | \$2.89        | \$2.90        | \$2.91        | \$2.93        | \$2.95        |
| Oceania        | \$4.55        | \$4.60        | \$4.64        | \$4.70        | \$4.75        |
| Sakhalin       | \$2.71        | \$2.73        | \$2.74        | \$2.76        | \$2.78        |
| Southeast Asia | \$3.83        | \$3.85        | \$3.87        | \$3.90        | \$3.93        |
| <b>U.S.</b>    | <b>\$2.11</b> | <b>\$2.16</b> | <b>\$2.20</b> | <b>\$2.24</b> | <b>\$2.38</b> |



Source: NERA Economic Consulting

# Questions?

**David Bartlett**

Senior Lecturer

Department of Strategic Management & Entrepreneurship

Carlson School of Management

bartl037@umn.edu